American Psychological Association (APA) Citation Style: English

- APA now uses hanging indent formatting in the reference list.
- For in-text direct quotes, add page numbers: e.g., (Komisar, 1991, p. 13)
- When the quoted text exceeds 40 words, use block quote.
- 用斜體 處,不用 粗體. (強調,書名,作品名稱,用斜體,不用粗體)

Books (One author)

Reference:

In-text:
(Komisar, 1991, p. 201)

張以國 (1992). 書法: 心靈的藝術。台北市：淑馨。
(張以國, 1992)
(張以國, 1992, 21)

Books (Two to three authors)

Reference:

In-text (Two authors): *The elements of style*
(Strunk & White, 1979, p. 43)

In-text (Three or more authors):
(Strunk, White, & Smith, 1979, p. 43)

吳廷玉、胡凌 (2001)。繪畫藝術教育。北京市：人民。
(吳廷玉、胡凌, 2001)

Books (Corporate author)

Reference:
Ohio State University Natural Resources Institute (1959). *A directory of Ohio facilities and services for resource conservation*. Columbus, OH: Natural Resources Institute.

In-text:
(Ohio State University Natural Resources Institute, 1959, p. 33)
畫說臺灣文化事業（2006）。慧眼識臺灣。臺北市：國立臺灣藝術教育館。
用自己的話轉述時，內文引用：
（畫說臺灣，2006）

Book Chapter

Reference:

In-text:
(Roll, 1976, p. 161)

Reference:
王麗雁（2008）。視覺藝術教育篇—臺灣學校視覺藝術教育發展概述。收錄於 鄭明憲（總編輯）。臺灣藝術教育史（105~161頁）。臺北市：國立臺灣藝術教育館。

作者英文姓名（文章出版年）。文章標題 [譯名]（某某某譯）。收錄於 編輯者英文姓名（編輯）。書名 [譯本書名]（某某某譯, #~#頁）。出版地：出版社名稱。（原文書籍出版於 year）。注意：如果文章的譯者，不同於書本的譯者，才需要文章後註明譯者，否則，書名後加註譯者就可以了。

English Translation of a Book


注意：此書譯本與原版的出版年代，有待再查證。
English Translation of an Article or Chapter
in an Edited Book, Volume in a Multivolume Work, Republished Work

Reference:

In-text:
(Freud, 1923/1961).

Journal Article (One author)

Reference:

In-text:
(Maki, 1982, p. 260)

Journal Article (Two authors)

Reference:


OR


In-text:
(Atkinson & Shiffrin, 1971, p. 87)
Magazine Article (No author)

Reference:

In-text:

Magazine Article (One author)

Reference:

In-text:
(Kandel, 2000, p. 1119)

Encyclopedia Article

Reference:

In-text:
(Warren, 1977, p. 204)

Newspaper Article

Reference (print version):


朱景美（2009, January 12）。藝術是我的戀人：郭維國與紫紅豬的羅曼史。更生日報，生活與教育版，第十頁。

Reference (electronic version):

註：避免日後因文章資料庫的檔案異動而造成連結上的問題，參考文獻的網址，給予報紙首頁網址即可。
In-text:

Dissertation Abstract

Unpublished Dissertations/Thesis

電子博碩論文，應屬已發表的論文。

Doctoral thesis, from a university outside the US

Dissertation/Thesis from a Database（學術資訊網）


註：數位化文章及電子博碩論文，現多有指定的 DOI（數位物件識別號），一定要附上，因爲在網上搜尋這些文章，必須依靠這個特定的識別碼。在參考文獻中，用小寫doi。在內文中，用大寫DOI。

Dissertation/thesis from the web
ERIC Document
Reference:

In-text:
(Mead, 1992)

Government Document

Report From a Private Organization

Conference Proceedings

Work Discussed in a Secondary Source
NOTE: Give the secondary source in the references list; in the text, name the original work, and give a citation for the secondary source. For example, if Seidenberg and McClelland's work is cited in Coltheart et al. and you did not read the original work, list the Coltheart et al. reference in the References. In the text, use the following citation:

In Seidenberg and McClelland's study (as cited in Coltheart, Curtis, Atkins, & Haller, 1993), ...
Reference List: Other NonPrint Sources

Interviews, Email, and Other Personal Communication

No personal communication is included in your reference list; instead, parenthetically cite the communicator's name, the fact that it was personal communication, and the date of the communication in your main text only.

In-text example 1:
(E. Robbins, personal communication, January 4, 2001)

In-text example 2:
Smith also claimed that many of her students had difficulties with APA style (personal communication, November 3, 2002).

Motion Picture

Basic reference list format:

Producer, P.P. (Producer), & Director, D.D. (Director). (Date of publication). Title of motion picture [Motion picture]. Country of origin. Studio or distributor.

Note:
• In the author position, list scriptwriters first, followed by the director (identify his or her function in parentheses after the name).
• Place the producer of the series in the editor position.
• If a movie or video tape is not available in wide distribution, add the following to your citation after the country of origin: (Available from Distributor name, full address and zip code).

A Motion Picture or Video Tape
with International or National Availability

Reference example 1:

Reference example 2:
A Motion Picture or Video Tape
with Limited Availability

Reference example 1:
Harris, M. (Producer), & Turley, M. J. (Director). (2002). Writing labs: A history [Motion picture]. (Available from Purdue University Pictures, 500 Oval Drive, West Lafayette, IN 47907)

Reference example 2:

Television Broadcast or Series Episode

Basic reference list format:
Producer, P. P. (Producer). (Date of broadcast or copyright). Title of broadcast [Television broadcast or Television series]. City of origin: Studio or distributor.

Television Broadcast

Example:

Television Series

Example:


Single Episode of a Television Series

Example:

Music Recording

Basic reference list format:
Songwriter, W. W. (Date of copyright). Title of song [Recorded by artist if different from song writer]. On Title of album [Medium of recording]. Location: Label. (Recording date if different from copyright date).

In text citations, include side and band or track numbers, for example: “Tails and Trotters” (Goodenough, 1982, track 5).

Reference example 1:

Reference example 2:
**Reference List: Electronic Sources**

**Article from an Online Periodical**

Note: In 2007, the APA released several additions/modifications for documentation of electronic sources in the APA Style Guide to Electronic References. These changes are reflected in the entries below. Please note that there are no spaces used with brackets in APA.

Online articles followed the same guidelines for printed articles. Include all information the online host makes available, including an issue number in parentheses. Provide a retrieval date only if the information is likely to be updated or change data later date (as in the case of blogs and wikis). Since many online periodicals appear in their "final" form, a retrieval date is not necessary.


**Online Scholarly Journal Article**

Since online materials can potentially change URL’s, APA recommends providing a Digital Object Identifier (DOI), when it is available, as opposed to the URL. DOI’s are an attempt to provide stable, long-lasting links for online articles. They are unique to their documents and consist of a long alphanumeric code. Many—but not all—publishers will provide an article's DOI on the first page of the document.

Note that some online bibliographies provide an article's DOI but may "hide" the code under a button which may read "Article" or may be an abbreviation of a vendors name like "CrossRef" or "PubMed." This button will usually lead the user to the full article which will include the DOI. Find DOI's from print publications or ones that go to dead links with
CrossRef.org's "DOI Resolver," which is displayed in a central location on their home page.

**Article From an Online Periodical with DOI Assigned**


Reference example:

**Article From an Online Periodical with no DOI Assigned**

Online scholarly journal articles without a DOI require a URL but do not require a retrieval date. Provide a retrieval date only if the information is likely to be updated or changed at a later date (as in the case of blogs and wikis). Since most journal articles appear in their “final” form, a retrieval date is not needed.


Reference example:

**Electronic Journal Article**

If the article appears as a printed version as well, the URL is not required. Use “Electronic version” in brackets after the article’s title.

Reference:

In-text:
(Vanden et al., 2001, p. 120)
Article from a Database

When referencing material obtained from an online database (such as a database in the library), provide appropriate print citation information (formatted just like a "normal" print citation would be for that type of work). Then add information that gives the date of retrieval and the proper name of the database. This will allow people to retrieve the print version if they do not have access to the database from which you retrieved the article. You can also include the item number or accession number in parentheses at the end, but the APA manual says that this is not required. (For more about citing articles retrieved from electronic databases, see page 278 of the Publication Manual.)

Reference example:

Abstract

If you only cite an abstract but the full text of the article is also available, cite the online abstract as other online citations, adding "[Abstract]" after the article or source name. If only the abstract is available, write "Abstract retrieved from" and provide the database name or URL.

Reference:


Electronic Article (from Database)

Reference example 1:

Reference example 2:
In-text:
(Jacobson et al., 1995, p. 755)

ERIC Document (from Databased)

Reference:

In-text:
(Mead, 1992)

Newspaper Article


Reference:

Electronic Books

Electronic books may include books found on personal websites, databases, or even in audio form. Use the following format if the book you are using is provided in a digital format or is difficult to find in print. If the work is not directly available online or must be purchased, use "Available from," rather than "Retrieved from," and point readers to where they can find it.


Chapter/Section of a Web document or Online Book Chapter


Reference example 1:

Reference example 2:

NOTE: Use a chapter or section identifier and provide a URL that links directly to the chapter section, not the home page of the Web site.

Dissertation/Thesis from a Database

Reference example:

Also see previous dissertation section

Online Book Reviews

Cite the information as you normally would for the work you are quoting. (The first example below is from a newspaper article; the second is from a scholarly journal.) In brackets, write "Review of the book" and give the title of the reviewed work. Provide the web address after the words "Retrieved from," if the review is freely available to anyone. If the review comes from a subscription service or database, write “Available from” and provide the information where the review can be purchased.

Reference example 1:
Reference example 2:

Online Encyclopedias and Dictionaries

Often encyclopedias and dictionaries do not provide bylines (authors’ names). When no byline is present, move the entry name to the front of the citation. Provide publication dates if present or specify (n.d.) if no date is present in the entry. Because updates and modifications are not normally specified, provide the retrieval date in the citation. When listing the URL, give only the home or index root as opposed to the URL for the entry.

Reference example:

Online Bibliographies and Annotated Bibliographies

Reference example:

Data Sets

Point readers to raw data by providing a Web address (use “Retrieved from”) or a general place that houses data sets on the site (use “Available from”).

Reference example:

Graphic Data (e.g. Interactive Maps and Other Graphic Representations of Data)

Give the name of the researching organization followed by the date. In brackets, provide a brief explanation of what
type of data is there and in what form it appears. Finally, provide the project name and retrieval information.

Reference example:

Qualitative Data and Online Interviews

If an interview is not retrievable in audio or print form, cite the interview only in the text (not in the reference list) and provide the month, day, and year in the text. If an audio file or transcript is available online, use the following model, specifying the medium in brackets (e.g. [Interview transcript, Interview audio file]):

Reference example:

Online Lecture Notes and Presentation Slides

When citing online lecture notes, be sure to provide the file format in brackets after the lecture title (e.g. PowerPoint slides, Word document).

Reference example 1:

Reference example 2:

Non-periodical Web Document, Web Page, or Report

List as much of the following information as possible (you sometimes have to hunt around to find the information; don't be lazy. If there is a page like http://www.somesite.com/somepage.htm, and somepage.htm
doesn't have the information you're looking for, move up the URL to http://www.somesite.com/):

Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Date of publication). Title of document. Retrieved month day, year (only if the text may potentially change over time), frohttp://Web address

NOTE: When an Internet document is more than one Web page, provide a URL that links to the home page or entry page for the document. Also, if there isn't a date available for the document use (n.d.) for no date.

**Computer Software/Downloaded Software**

Do not cite standard office software (e.g. Word, Excel) or programming languages. Provide references only for specialized software.


Software that is downloaded from a Web site should provide the software’s version and year when available.


**E-mail**

E-mails are not included in the list of references, though you parenthetically cite them in your main text: (E. Robbins, personal communication, January 4, 2001)

**Online Forum or Discussion Board Posting**

Include the title of the message, and the URL of the newsgroup or discussion board. Please note that titles for items in online communities (e.g. blogs, newsgroups, forums) are not italicized. If the author’s name is not available, provide the screen name. Place identifiers like post or message numbers, if available, in brackets. If available, provide the URL where the message is archived (e.g., “Message posted to..., archived at...”
Reference example:

Blog (Weblog) and Video Blog Post

Include the title of the message and the URL. Please note that titles for items in online communities (e.g. blogs, newsgroups, forums) are not italicized. If the author’s name is not available, provide the screen name.

Reference example 1:

Reference example 2:

Wikis

Note: the APA Style Guide to Electronic References warns writers that wikis (like Wikipedia, for example) are collaborative projects which cannot guarantee the verifiability or expertise of their entries.

Reference example:

Citing Images

Reference example:

Citing Audio

Reference example:
Citing Video

Reference example:

Citing Audio Podcast

For all podcasts, provide as much information as possible; not all of the following information will be available. Possible addition identifiers may include Producer, Director, etc.

Reference example:

Video Podcasts

Reference example:

To cite a specific part of a source, indicate the page, chapter, figure, table, or equation at the appropriate point in text. Always give page numbers for quotations. Note that the words page and chapter are abbreviated in such text citations:

(Cheek & Buss, 1981, p. 332)
(Shimamura, 1989, chap. 3)

For electronic sources that do not provide page numbers, use the paragraph number, if available, preceded by the paragraph symbol or the abbreviation para. If neither paragraph nor page numbers are visible, cite the heading and the number of the paragraph following it to direct the reader to the location of the material.

(Myers, 2000, ¶ 5)
(Beutler, 2000, Conclusion section, para. 1)

**Electronic Media Spelling Guide**

As indicated in the fifth edition of the *Publication Manual*, dictionaries are not the best guide to spelling in the electronic world. This is an extremely fast-moving environment: common usage develops quickly, leaving print resources easily bypassed. The APA Style site will attempt to be more responsive. Below is a list of common terms and their preferred spelling.

- DOI
- e-journal
- e-mail
- FTP
- LISTSERV*(tm) – the generic term is electronic mailing list
- PDF
- SGML
- URL
- website
*LISTSERV is a trademarked, proprietary term; unless you know that is what is being used, you should use “electronic mailing list” rather than the, admittedly, more commonly used “list server.”

**Abbreviation** | **Book or publication part**
--- | ---
ed. | Edition
Rev. ed. | Revised edition
2nd ed. | Second edition
Ed. (Eds.) | Editor (Editors)
Trans. | Translator(s)
n.d. | no date
p. (pp.) | Page (pages)
Vol. | Volume (as in Vol. 4)
Vols. | Volumes (as in Vols. 1-4)
No. | Number
Pt. | Part
Suppl. | Supplement

Additional information:

- Purdue OWL's Using APA format: [http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/01/](http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/01/)
- Ohio State University APA Citation Guide: [http://library.osu.edu/sites/guides/apagd.php](http://library.osu.edu/sites/guides/apagd.php)
- Son of Citation Machine: [http://citationmachine.net/index2.php?reqstyleid=2](http://citationmachine.net/index2.php?reqstyleid=2)
- APA style Tutorial: [http://flash1r.apa.org/apastyle/basics/index.htm](http://flash1r.apa.org/apastyle/basics/index.htm)